What Are Embedded PCTs?

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Learning goals



- Identify key considerations in the design and conduct of ePCTs and how they differ from explanatory trials
- Learn about the advantages and disadvantages of ePCTs, when a pragmatic approach can be used to answer the research questions
- Q & A with attendees



Important things to know 66

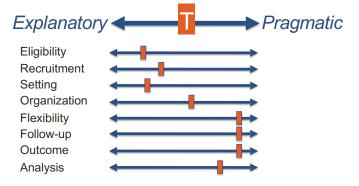
- ePCTs are designed to answer important, real-world clinical questions
- Broad stakeholder engagement and support are essential from beginning to end
- Trade-offs in flexibility, adherence, and generalizability are inevitable



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Trials vary across a spectrum of explanatory and pragmatic elements

Different trial elements are, by design, more or less explanatory/pragmatic





Why conduct ePCTs?



ePCTs have the potential to inform policy and practice with high-quality evidence at reduced cost and increased efficiency compared with traditional clinical trials



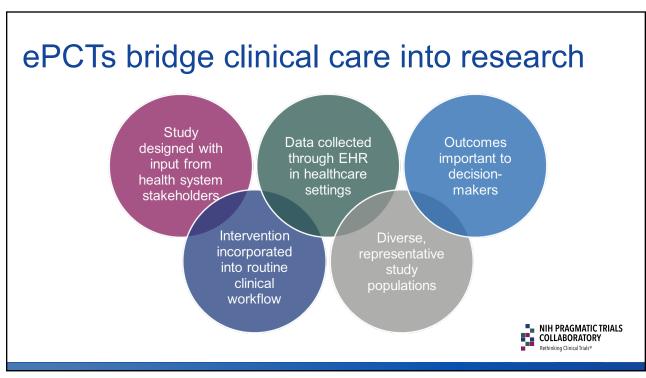
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ePCT characteristics

- Conducted within healthcare systems
- Use streamlined procedures and existing infrastructure
- Answer important medical questions







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Who are your stakeholders?

Potential stakeholders have a variety of priorities, values, work cultures, and expectations:



- Healthcare delivery organization leaders
- Clinicians
- Operational personnel
- Patients, caregivers, patient advocacy groups
- Payers, purchasers

- Policy makers, regulators
- Research funders
- Researchers
- Product manufacturers



Listen to the frontline

The purpose of the healthcare system is not to do research, but to provide good healthcare. Researchers often have a tailwagging-the-dog problem. We assume if we think something is a good idea, the healthcare system will too... We need to remember that we're the tail and the healthcare system is the dog.

- Greg Simon, MD, MPH (SPOT)



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Use existing workflows

The more complicated the intervention is to the existing workflow, the more difficult it is to get compliance—you can't just add on a new thing, you have to change what happens on the floor.

Vincent Mor, PhD (PROVEN)



It's a balancing act



Achieving both relevance and efficiency is a goal of pragmatic trials, yet high relevance to real-world decision-making may come at the expense of trial efficiency

For example, a trial measuring outcomes that matter most to patients and health systems may not be able to rely exclusively on information from the EHR, and instead need to assess patient-reported outcomes, which is more expensive and less efficient



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Important things to do



- Set expectations to work collaboratively and build trust from the beginning
- Get to know your partners' values, priorities, and expectations
- Assess your partners' capacity and capabilities
- Track goals reached, challenges, and adaptations throughout the lifecycle of your ePCT
- Show appreciation and celebrate accomplishments early and often to have sustained partnerships

