

## Learning goals



- Learn about cluster randomized and stepped-wedge study designs
- Recognize the analytical challenges and trade-offs of pragmatic study designs, focusing on what PIs need to know—highlighting design and analysis considerations and key decision points
- Q & A with attendees









# Reasons to randomize clusters instead of individuals

- Intervention targets health care units rather than individuals
   STOP CRC: clinic-based intervention to improve screening
- Intervention targeted at individual risks "contamination"
  - Intervention spills over to members of control arm
  - For example, physicians randomized to new educational program may share knowledge with control-arm physicians in their practice
  - Contamination reduces the observed treatment effect
- Logistically easier to implement intervention by cluster

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### Summary of design issues for CRTs All the design features common to RCTs are available to CRTs with the added complication of an extra level of nesting: Cohort and cross-sectional designs - Post only, pre-post, and extended designs Single-comparison designs and factorial designs A priori matching or stratification Constrained randomization The primary threats to internal and statistical validity are well known, and defenses are available. - Plan the study to reflect the nested design, with sufficient power for a valid analysis, and avoid threats to internal validity. NIH PRAGMATIC TRIALS COLLABORATORY hinking Clinical Trials



- Pragmatic trials do not require a completely different set of research designs, measures, analytic methods, etc.
- As always, the choice of methods depends on the research question.
   The research question dictates
  - the intervention, target population, and variables of interest,
  - which dictate the setting, research design, measures, and analytic methods.
- Randomized trials will provide the strongest evidence.
  - What kind of randomized trial depends on the research question and how the intervention will be delivered.

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# Clustering: Impact on power in STOP CRC

 "Assumed equal numbers of subjects per clinic and equal numbers of clinics (n = 13) per [arm]. In practice, the clinic sizes will not be equal, but since almost all clinics have at least 450 active age-eligible patients, we conservatively use this figure for all sites.











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# Analysis of CRTs, SW-CRTs, and IRGTTs Clustering must be accounted for in analysis Challenges in "small" trials (# clusters < 50)</li>

- Limited degrees of freedom (df) for testing intervention as df driven by # clusters (i.e. groups)
- Use t-test not Z-test & calculate correct df
- Intervention effect SE may be under-estimated
  - Can correct e.g. finite-sample bias corrections for GEE
- Ignore either penalty (df & SEs) leads to inflated Type I error
  - Type I error rate may be 30-50% in a CRT, even with small ICC
  - Type I error rate may be 15-25% in an IRGTT, even with small ICC

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Work with statistician to ensure properly account for clustering













 Individually randomized group treatment trial designs have benefits of individual-level randomization, but still need to address "clustering" for design and analysis.

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### **NIH** resources

- Pragmatic and Group-Randomized Trials in Public Health and Medicine
  - https://prevention.nih.gov/grt
  - 7-part online course on GRTs and IRGTs
- Mind the Gap Webinars
  - https://prevention.nih.gov/education-training/methods-mind-gap
    - Toward Causal Inference in Cluster Randomized Trials: Estimands and Reflection on Current Practice (Fan Li, November 3, 2022)
    - An Introduction to Cross-classified, Multiple Membership, and Dynamic Group Multilevel Models (Don Hedeker, October 20, 2022)
    - Robust Inference for Stepped Wedge Designs (Jim Hughes, May 17, 2022)
- Research Methods Resources Website
  - https://researchmethodsresources.nih.gov/
  - Material on GRTs, IRGTs, SWGRTs and a sample size calculator for each





