Pilot and Feasibility Testing

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Learning goals

 Identify why it's important to do a pilot study to maximize acceptability, maintain affordability, and consider scalability of the ePCT intervention

 Learn key approaches to evaluating the capabilities of the partner health system and testing key elements of the intervention



Important things to know 66

- Pilot testing the ePCT methods increases likelihood of completing the trial and can prevent silly mistakes
- You need a biostatistician in the pilot/feasibility stage
- "Process issues" can derail the ePCT
- Use the pilot study to maximize acceptability, maintain affordability, and consider scalability of your intervention



ePCTs are not efficacy trials

- ePCTs bridge research into clinical care
- Intervention is integrated into real-world healthcare settings



Involves streamlined data collection

Pragmatic does not always mean low cost



During the pilot phase

- Establish close partnerships with healthcare system personnel
- Test and validate EHR data collection and extraction
- Evaluate whether generalizable patient population can be identified and enrolled with available healthcare systems
- Assess how well the intervention can be integrated into the clinical workflow
- Identify multiple local champions at each study site



Build partnerships

- Is the intervention aligned with the priorities of the partner healthcare system?
- How ready is the partner?
 - Are extra resources needed to support the intervention, identify participants, and extract necessary data?
 - How many sites are available to fully participate?
 - How much provider training will be needed, and can training use existing healthcare system infrastructure?
- If the intervention proves successful, what adaptations would be needed to implement it in other healthcare settings?



Aspects of feasibility that can be piloted

Verify that target population can be identified via the EHR

Evaluate if generalizable patient population is available

Test appropriateness
& usability of study
toolkits or other
materials

Test phenotypes needed for sample identification

Coordinate processes with local champions

Evaluate informed consent materials

Validate data quality, collection, extraction methods & accuracy

Test the training materials for frontline providers & staff

Evaluate whether fidelity/adherence measures can be achieved to justify the full-scale ePCT

Use what you learn to design the ePCT



Evaluate power calculations



If cluster randomization is involved, collect data to confirm estimate of the intraclass correlation coefficient (ICC) for power calculations



Quantify feasibility for pilot study aims

- Eligibility
- Recruitment
- Randomization
- Adverse events
- Retention
- Missing data
- Intervention fidelity

Keep in mind realistic targets for the study's patient population



Quantifying example 1



Demonstrate effective <u>recruitment</u> and <u>retention</u>, which we define as the ability to

- Recruit an average of
 10 patients per month per site
- Retain 80% of participants for final data collection at 6 months



Quantifying example 2

Determine whether the <u>intervention</u> can be <u>delivered</u> with reasonable feasibility, which we define as 70% of the enrolled participants engaging in the intervention



Determine whether the smoking cessation intervention can be delivered with reasonable feasibility, which we define as 20% of the approached participants engaging in the intervention



Quantifying example 3

Demonstrate ability to <u>collect primary outcomes</u> and <u>minimize</u> <u>missing data</u> to less than 5% of primary outcome measures



Demonstrate ability to collect primary outcome of depression symptoms (patient-reported) and minimize missing data to less than 10% of primary outcome measures



Ensuring trial readiness

- Troubleshooting and iterative testing
- Flexibility to accommodate local conditions and changes over time
- Continuous engagement with healthcare system
- Readiness tasks
 - Recruitment plans are finalized with backup plans available
 - Ethical/regulatory aspects are addressed
 - Intervention is fully developed and finalized
 - Data collection methods are adequately tested
 - Budget and timeline are realistic and feasible



Readiness checklist

Milestone	Completed
Recruitment plans are finalized	
All sites identified (documentation of site commitment)	
Methods for accurately identifying participants validated	
All agreements for necessary subcontracts in place	
Ethical/regulatory aspects are addressed	
Coordinated IRB oversight in place	
Finalized plans for informed consent or waiver of informed consent	
Finalized data and safety monitoring plan	
Intervention is fully developed and finalized	
Finalized intervention (including materials and training at sites) ready for site implementation	
Finalized protocol is IRB approved (informed consent and data collection forms, if applicable)	
Data collection methods are adequately tested	
Validated methods for the electronic health record information	
Validated study surveys, interviews, or other data collection modes	
Demonstrated quality assurance and harmonization of data elements across healthcare systems/sites	
Statistical and data analysis methods have been adequately developed	
Budget is realistic, feasible, and accounts for potential changes	



In the end, good planning will help

- Avoid silly mistakes
- Maximize acceptability
- Maintain affordability
- Remember scalability



Important things to do



- Conduct a pilot or feasibility study of the intervention to inform the final design of the ePCT
- Work with a great biostatistician and an informatician (if needed)
- Develop a partnership approach to working with your healthcare systems
- Identify multiple local champions for all your sites
- Anticipate, identify, and make a plan to address changes in the healthcare system



Resources

- Healthcare system partnerships: <u>Establishing Close Partnerships</u>
 with Healthcare System Leaders and Staff
- Trial readiness criteria: <u>Implementation Readiness Checklist</u>
- Pilot and feasibility testing: Assessing Feasibility: <u>Pilot Testing and Feasibility Assessment Scenarios from the Collaboratory's</u>
 <u>Demonstration Projects</u>

From the Living Textbook of Pragmatic Clinical Trials www.rethinkingclinicaltrials.org





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