

Health Care Systems Research Collaboratory

Use and Sustainability of the Collaboratory Distributed Research Network

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What is the Collaboratory DRN trying to accomplish?

Goal: Facilitate multisite research collaborations between investigators and data partners by creating secure networking capabilities and analysis tools.

- Advantages of a distributed research network (DRN)
 - ✓ Ability to work with analysis-ready datasets covering many millions
 - √ Standardized data using a common data model
 - ✓ Data partners keep and analyze their own data
 - ✓ Provide results, not data, to the requestor
 - ✓ All activities audited and secure

NIH Collaboratory Distributed Research Network Partners

NIH Collaboratory Distributed Research Network
Millions of people. Strong collaborations. Privacy first.

Data Partners













HUMANA.

The **Meyers** Primary Care Institute

All participate in FDA's Sentinel System

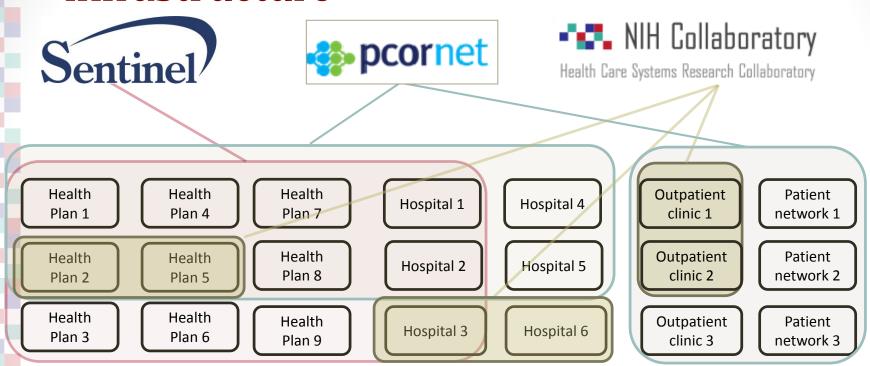
Available data

- Rapid-response distributed querying available across data partners with over 90 million lives
- >300 million person-years of observation time
- Detailed information for billions of medical encounters and outpatient pharmacy dispensings
- Analysis-ready datasets (i.e., quality checked and formatted) representing >90% of the FDA Sentinel program

How can the DRN be used?

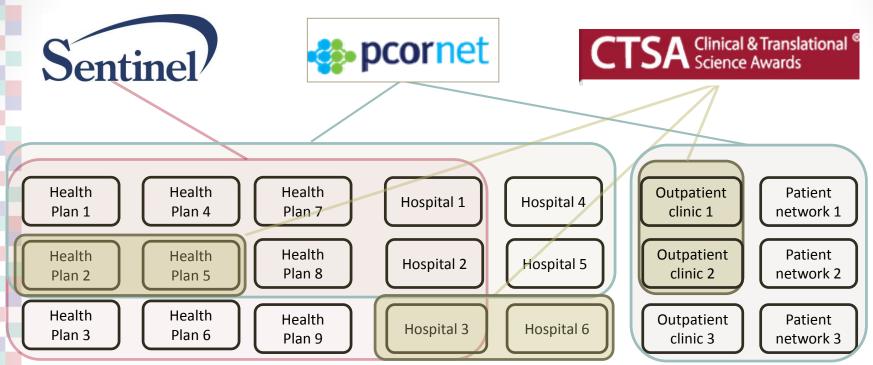
- Research planning
 - Assess disease burden/outcomes
 - Prioritize research domains
 - Pragmatic clinical trial design
- Answer a question!
- Pragmatic clinical trial follow-up
- Platform for data sharing and reuse

Critical partners in the national infrastructure



- Each organization can participate in multiple networks
- Each network controls its governance and coordination
- Networks share infrastructure, data curation, analytics, lessons, security, software development

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Medical Product Safety National Evidence Generation Concept **Surveillance** DISTRIBUTED NETWORK GOVERNANCE **FDA Quality of Care** Sentinel **Payers** Sponsor(s) Populations Queries Coordinating Public Consumers Center Private Queries Results Coordinating Results Center(s) Common Coordinating **Data Model** Center(s) **Data Standards** Results Results Coordinating Sponsor(s) Center(s) Queries Queries **Providers Registries Medical Product Safety** Hospitals • Disease-specific Physicians • Product-specific Integrated Systems Sponsor(s) NH Collaboratory **Public Health Surveillance** Results INIH Collaboratory Distributed Research Network Coordinating **Randomized Clinical Trials** Center(s) Sponsor(s) **Clinical Research**

Comparative Effectiveness Research

Sponsor(s)

The Collaboratory DRN and PCORnet are complementary

- Collaboratory DRN is based on administrative claims and outpatient pharmacy dispensing data
 - Complete data for most reimbursed care → if no evidence of an event, it very likely didn't occur
 - Limited access to medical record information
- PCORnet is based on EHR data
 - Detailed information care provided by clinical organization, including vital signs, lab test results
 - Limited information about care provided by other organizations or drug dispensing

Moving toward a sustainable DRN

- Build the Collaboratory DRN user community
 - NIH Institutes and Centers
 - NIH Investigators
- Develop of data sharing resources

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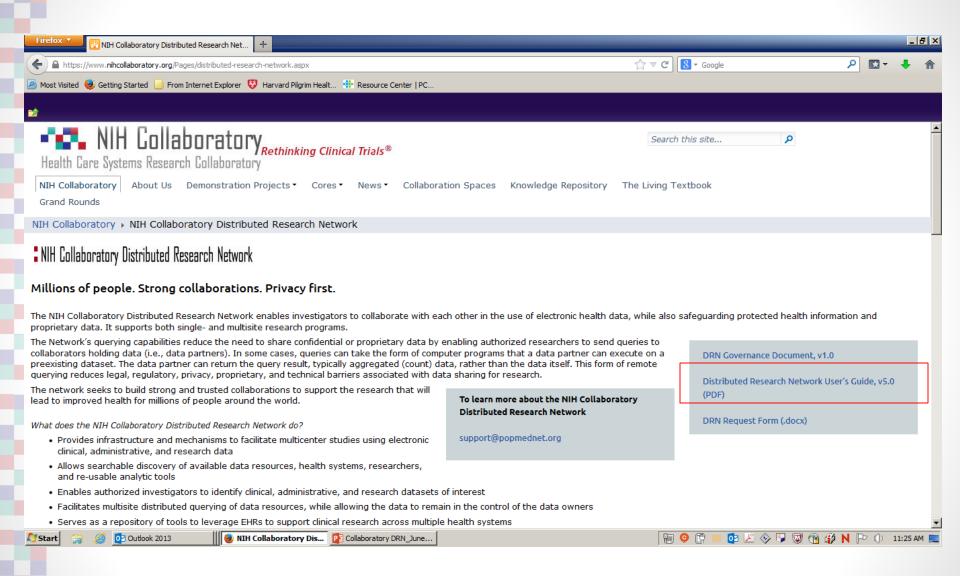
Build the user community within NIH institutes and centers

- Special NIH supplement in 2014 for pilot test using publicly available Sentinel querying tools
- Three pilot test queries developed with NCCAM, NHLBI, NCI
 - Assess recruitment feasibility of replicating the Trial to Assess Chelation Therapy (TACT)
 - Characterize statin users >75 years of age
 - Assess rates of abnormal cancer screening test results and rates of follow up testing
- Queries used as test cases for developing processes and refining strategies to develop queries

Learnings from the pilot

- Data Partners will respond
 - Participation from 3 data partners, representing ~1/3 of the total data
 - Participation largely a function of available funds
- Translating a question to an answerable query often requires an iterative process
 - Some questions may be readily addressed with a simple query
- User guides and training materials are essential

https://www.nihcollaboratory.org/Pages/distributed-research-network.aspx



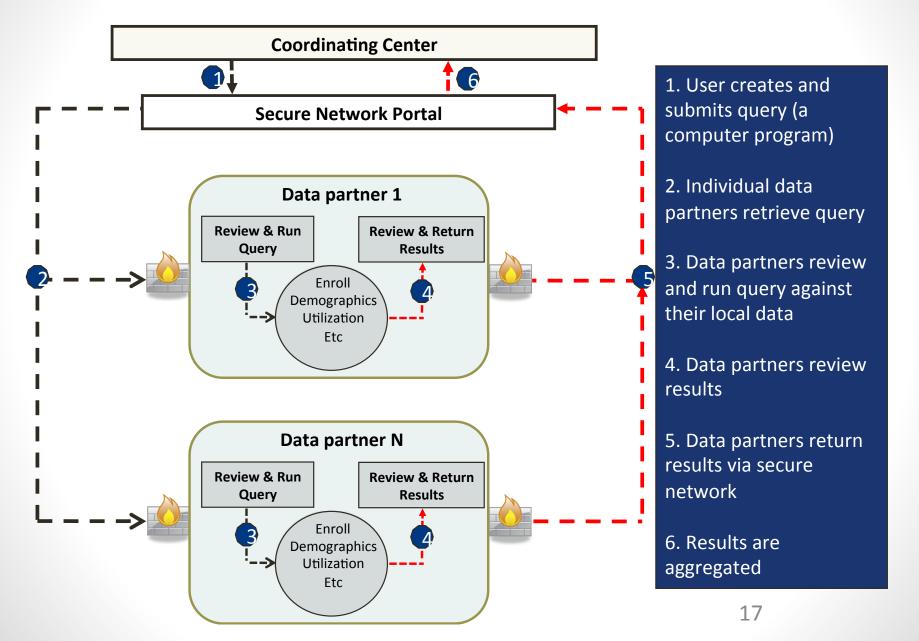
Build the user community of NIH investigators

- Allocate existing resources toward pre-research queries posed by researchers
- Sponsor a mini-competition with a transparent selection process
 - Announce on Grand Rounds and the Collaboratory website
 - Establish selection criteria
 - Appropriateness of question for the DRN
 - Investigator track record
 - Potential fundability of research concept
- Use publicly available analysis tools
- Refine user guide and training materials
- Develop pricing model

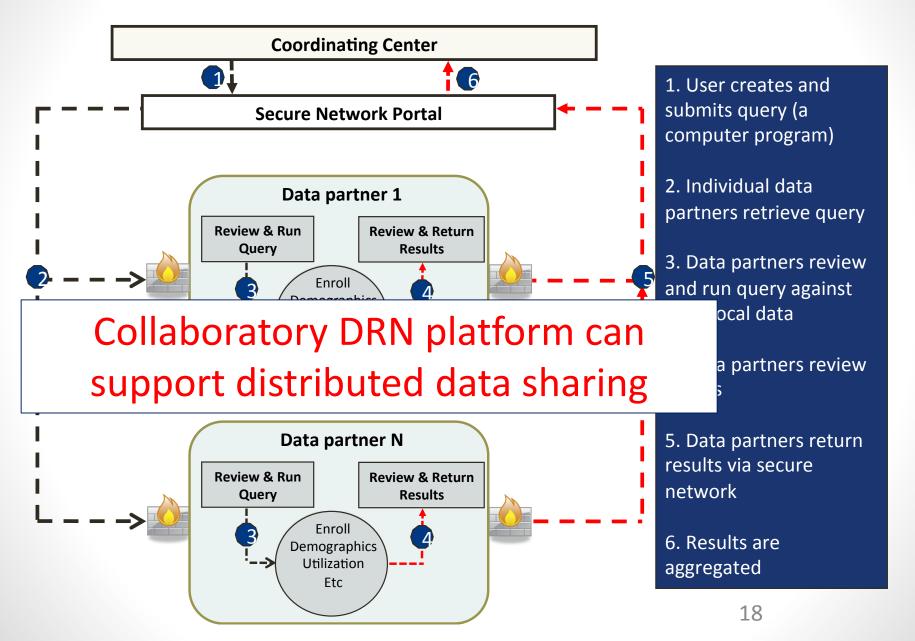
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What is a distributed research network?



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Collaboratory DRN platform can support distributed data sharing

- Enables re-use of research dataset with appropriate controls for patient privacy, access, governance, and proprietary concerns
- Distributed analyses limited to the software/hardware capabilities of the enclave
- Governance over usage must be established and implemented for each resource

Key elements of a distributed data sharing platform

- Discovery of available data resources and organizations
- Information about data use requirements
- Query interface and distribution
- Access controls and permissions
- Secure and auditable infrastructure
- Data storage and governance (if investigators do not want to maintain local control of data source)

Develop resources to support data sharing

- Description of access and use restrictions
- Data dictionaries, documentation, analytic code
- Listing of publications based on data
- Tools available for use with the dataset
- Availability of test data
- Contact information

Additional Information

For additional information, please go to:
 <u>https://www.nihcollaboratory.org/Pages/distributed-research-network.aspx#HowSubmit</u>