Should we be Considering a Different Study Design? Stepped Wedge, Parallel Group or Individual Randomized Designs: Lessons Learned from the TSOS Pragmatic Trial

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TSOS Research Question

 Will injured patients randomized to a collaborative care intervention demonstrate significant reductions in posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD) symptoms when compared to injured patients randomized to a usual care control condition?

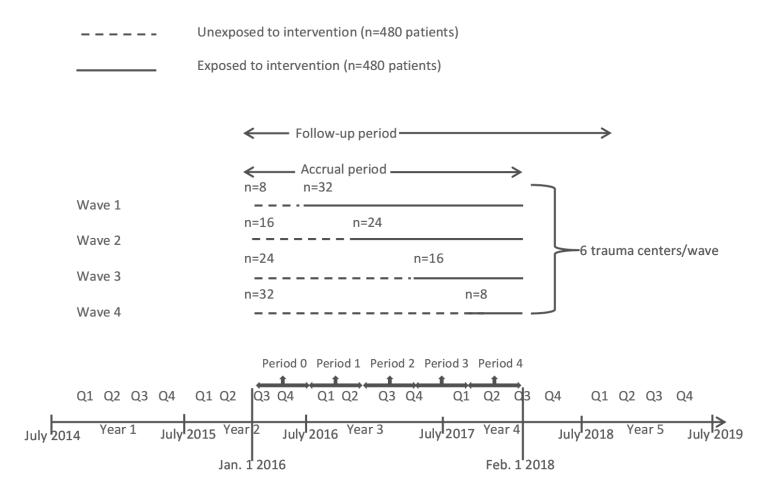


PICOTS applied to TSOS

- Population: 635 survivors of intentional and unintentional injury
- Intervention: Stepped collaborative care
- Comparator: Usual care control
- Outcomes: PTSD symptoms at baseline, 3-, 6-, & 12-mo.
 post-injury
- Timing: Intervention delivered first 6-months post-injury
- Setting: 25 US level I trauma centers

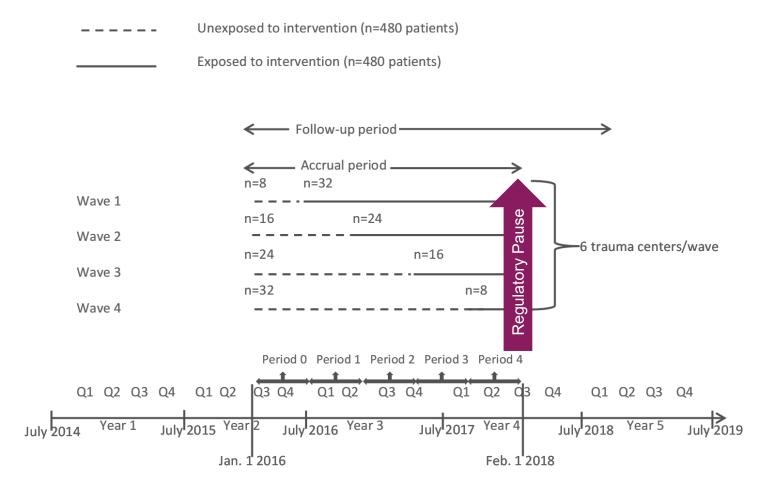


TSOS UH3 Stepped Wedge Cluster Randomized Trial Design: Regulatory Pause



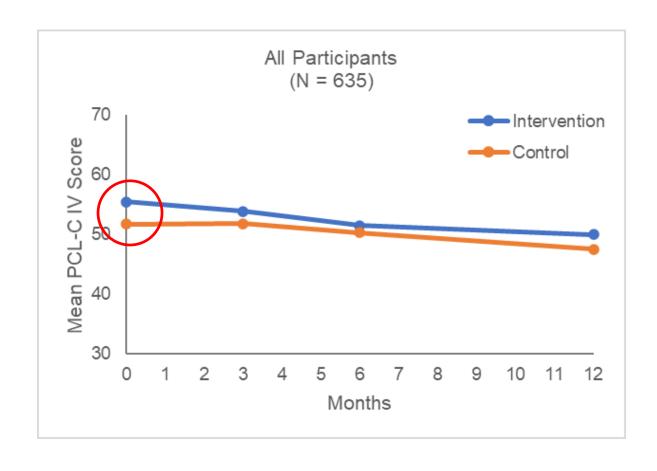


TSOS UH3 Stepped Wedge Cluster Randomized Trial Design: Regulatory Pause





TSOS Enrollment Drift





TSOS Site Heterogeneity: At Baseline & Differential Over Time

At Baseline

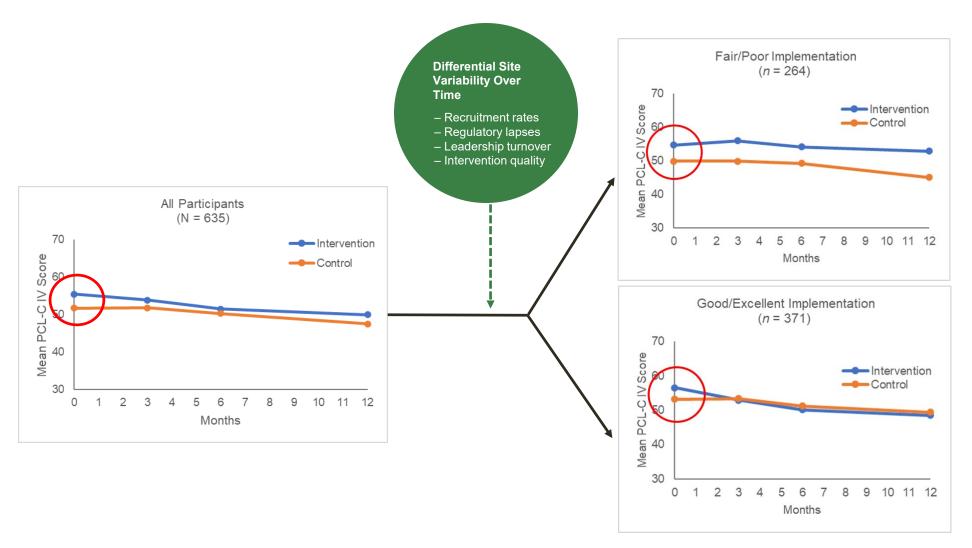
- Violent injury/PTSD
- Admission volume
- Information exchanges/care linkage

Differential Over Time

- Recruitment rates
- Regulatory lapses
- Leadership turnover
- Intervention quality



Differential Site Variability Influences Enrollment Drift





TSOS Lesson Learned

 Regardless of stepped wedge or parallel group cluster randomized design, site variability considerations favor individual level randomization when possible

